Begin Feb 13, 1961

A56WX
(400) NIGHT LEAD THOMPSON
BY ERNEST B. VACCARO
WASHINGTON, FEB. 13 (AP)-LLEWELLYN THOMPSON, U.S. AMBASSADOR TO RUSSIA, APPARENTLY DOESN'T KNOW IF PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV PLANS TO VISIT NEW YORK FOR THE UNITED NATIONS MEETING THIS SPRING.
THAT WAS THE WORD FROM SEN. J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT, D-ARK., TODAY AFTER THOMPSON MET FOR MORE THAN TWO HOURS WITH THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE. THOMPSON WAS CALLED BACK FROM HIS MOSCOW POST BY PRESIDENT KENNEDY LAST WEEK FOR A REVIEW OF U.S.-SOVIET RELATIONS.
FULBRIGHT, THE COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN, VOICED HIS PERSONAL VIEW THAT A "QUICK MEETING" OF KENNEDY AND KHRUSHCHEV WOULD NOT BE WISE.
"THE PRESIDENT OUGHT TO HAVE TIME TO EXPLORE THE SITUATION," FULBRIGHT TOLD NEWSMEN.
ASKED IF HE FELT A MEETING IS INEVITABLE, THE CHAIRMAN NODDED AND SAID, "SOME TIME, BUT NOT RIGHT AWAY." HE SAID HE THOUGHT KHRUSHCHEV UNDERSTOOD THE DESIRE OF THE PRESIDENT TO HAVE MORE TIME TO GET ADJUSTED TO HIS NEW RESPONSIBILITIES.
FULBRIGHT SAID HE COULD NOT CHARACTERIZE THOMPSON'S REPORT ON U.S.-SOVIET RELATIONS AS EITHER ENCOURAGING OR DISCOURAGING, BUT SAID HE WAS "ENLIGHTENED BY IT."
BUT SEN. FRANK CHURCH, D-IDAHO, TOLD REPORTERS:
"IT WAS A VERY REALISTIC AND KNOWLEDGEABLE APPRAISAL OF THE SITUATION IN RUSSIA THAT HOLDS OUT SOME HOPE FOR PROGRESS IN NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES IN SUCH FIELDS AS SUSPENSION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTING AND DISARMAMENT."
CHURCH DID NOT ELABORATE OTHER THAN TO SAY HE FEELS THE SOVIET LEADERSHIP ATTACHES GREAT IMPORTANCE TO ATTAINING NEEDED ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE SOVIET UNION "AND WOULD HAVE MUCH TO GAIN FROM A RELAXATION OF TENSIONS."
FULBRIGHT EMPHASIZED THAT MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE AGREED NOT TO DISCLOSE ANY DISCUSSION OF POLICY AFTER THE CLOSED-DOOR BRIEFING.
"WE ARE IN A NEW PERIOD," THE SENATOR SAID. "I WOULDN'T WANT TO SAY ANYTHING THAT COULD POSSIBLY BE INTERPRETED IN A WAY THAT WOULD MAKE EFFORTS TO WORK OUT OUR RELATIONS MORE DIFFICULT.
UNDERQUESTIONING, FULBRIGHT SAID THOMPSON DIDN'T HAVE ANYTHING IN THE WAY OF SECRET INFORMATION ON THE SOVIET SPACE PROGRAM.
THE SENATOR ADDED THE DISCUSSION TOUCHED ON THE CRISES IN THE CONGO AND LAOS AND OTHER MATTERS BUT CENTERED PRIMARILY AROUND RUSSIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN TRADE AND ECONOMIC GROWTH, AND EMBRACED SUCH OTHER TOPICS AS NUCLEAR TESTING NEGOTIATIONS AND DISARMAMENT.
BUT FULBRIGHT SAID THERE WAS NO INFORMATION AS TO WHEN KHRUSHCHEV AND KENNEDY MIGHT GET TOGETHER, AND THAT THOMPSON APPARENTLY DOESNT KNOW IF KHRUSHCHEV IS COMING TO THE U.N. MEETING OR NOT.
"HE DIDN'T KNOW ABOUT KHRUSHCHEV'S PLANS TO GO ANYWHERE OR WHEN ANY MEETING MIGHT TAKE PLACE," FULBRIGHT ADDED.
CZ/BU717PES

A63
(160)
BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, FEB. 13 (AP)-ENVER HOXHA, BOSS OF THE ALBANIAN COMMUNIST PARTY, TODAY ACCUSED YUGOSLAVIA AND GREECE OF PLOTTING WITH NATO AND THE UNITED STATES TO OVERTHROW THE ALBANIAN REGIME.
HOXHA SPOKE AT THE OPENING OF THE FOURTH CONGRESS OF THE ALBANIAN (COMMUNIST) PARTY OF WORKERS IN THE PRESENCE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF 24 WORLD COMMUNIST PARTIES, INCLUDING THE RUSSIAN. THE SPEECH WAS CARRIED BY THE OFFICIAL ALBANIAN NEWS AGENCY ATA FROM TIRANA, THE CAPITAL OF ALBANIA.
HOXHA ACCUSED "TITOIST YUGOSLAVIA AND ITS ALLIES GREECE, NATO AND THE U.S. MEDITERRANEAN FLEET OF PLOTTING AGAINST THE FREEDOM, INDEPENDENCE AND THE SOVEREIGNTY" OF ALBANIA.
THE ATTACK WAS IN LINE WITH THE USUAL POLICY OF ALBANIA.
HOXHA SAID THAT YUGOSLAVIA, THE UNITED STATES, GREECE AND NATO, WITH THE AID OF SOME ALBANIAN REFUGEES, ORGANIZED A PLOT AGAINST ALBANIA SOME MONTHS AGO.
"THIS PLOT HAS FAILED", HOXHA STATED, ADDING THAT THE "EVIDENCE IS IN THE HANDS OF THE PEOPLE'S JUSTICE".
HE DID NOT DISCLOSE THE NATURE OF THE EVIDENCE OR WHO WAS INVOLVED.
UM&PES

A37
PMS BUDGET (360)
FRENCH-SOVIET
BY GEORGE MCARTHUR
PARIS, FEB. 13 (AP)--FRANCE TOLD THE SOVIET UNION YESTERDAY IT COULD NOT ACCEPT SOME OF THE LANGUAGE MOSCOW USED IN ITS NOTE PROTESTING THE FRENCH BUZZING OF SOVIET PRESIDENT LEONID BREZHNEV'S PLANE OFF THE ALGERIAN COAST.
THE FRENCH NOTE ADDRESSED TO SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO SAID FRANCE WILL LET THE KREMLIN KNOW THE RESULTS OF ITS INVESTIGATION. BUT THE NOTE SAID "CERTAIN TERMS EMPLOYED IN THE SOVIET NOTE" SENT HERE SATURDAY ARE CONSIDERED INADMISSIBLE. THE WORDS OBJECTED TO WERE NOT SPECIFIED.
FRENCH JET FIGHTERS INTERCEPTED THE SOVIET PLANE LAST THURSDAY WHILE BREZHNEV WAS EN ROUTE TO MOROCCO AND GUINEA.
THE FRENCH SAID ONE FIGHTER FIRED WARNING SHOTS TO ATTRACK THE PLANE'S ATTENTION AFTER THE FOUR-JET AIRLINER WAS FOUND TOO FAR SOUTH OF ITS SCHEDULED COURSE FOR MOROCCO AND FAILED TO IDENTIFY ITSELF. FRRNCE EXPRESSED "SINCERE REGRETS" FOR THE INCIDENT BUT INSISTED ITS PATROLS LOOKING FOR ARMS SHIPMENTS TO THE ALGERIAN REBELS HAVE THE RIGHT TO INTERCEPT ANY PLANE WITHIN AN 80-MILE "ONE OF RESPONSIBILITY" ALONG THE ALGERIAN COAST.
THE RUSSIANS REJECTED THE EXPLANATION. THEY DEMANDED AGAIN THAT THE GUILTY FLIERS BE PUNISHED, ACCUSED THE FRENCH OF TRYING TO "WHITEWASH" THE INCIDENT AND INSISTED THE WHOLE AFFAIR WAS "NOTHING BUT AN ACT OF INTERNATIONAL BANDITRY."
IN LONDON IT WAS UNDERSTOOD FRANCE RESENTED RUSSIA'S CALLING ITS FLIECS "BANDITS," OBJECTED TO A CONTENTION THAT DIRECT SHOTS AND NOT WARNING SHOTS WERE FIRED, AND SAID THE RUSSIANS CRIED FALSELY OF INTERCEPTION OVER INTERNATIONAL WATERS FOR A PLANE THE FRENCH SAY WAS OFF COURSE.
GUINEA ALSO PROTESTED TO LHE FRENCH GOVERNMENT, ASSERTING THAT "THIS INSANE ACT" DEMONSTRATED "THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT'S ABIDING HOSTILITY TO ANY INTERNATIONAL DETENTE AND TO THE POLICY OF COOPERATION AND PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE." THE GUINEAN NOTE SAID UNLESS COMPENSATION WAS MADE AND THE GUILTY PERSONS PUNISHED, "THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF GUINEA WILL DRAW ALL THE NECESSARY CONCLUSIONS CONCERNING ITS RELATIONS WITH THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT."
FRENCH-SOVIET RELATIONS HAVE BEEN AILING SINCE LAST MAY, WHEN THE PARIS SUMMIT CONFERENCE COLLAPSED AS IT WAS READY TO START. SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV RECOGNIZED THE ALGERIAN REBEL REGIME LAST FALL, THEN MOSCOW AND THE FRENCH COMMUNISTS CLAMORED LOUDER ABOUT "FRENCH COLONIALISM." PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE OF FRANCE RESPONDED BY CALLING THE SOVIET UNION THE MOST IMPERIALISTIC POWER IN HISTORY.
HP/BJ419AES

A3 460
LONDON, FEB. 13 (AP)-THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS TODAY DESCRIBED THE RUSSIAN AND CHINESE PEOPLES AS "SINCERE FRIENDS, LOYAL ALLIES

AND BROTHERS."

THE TASS COMMENTARY WAS TIMED TO MARK TOMORROW'S 11TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE SOVIET-CHINESE TREATY OF ALLIANCE AND COOPERATION.

BUT IT CAME ALSO IN THE WAKE OF WESTERN REPORTS THAT THE IDEOLOGICAL RIFT BETWEEN MOSCOW AND PEIPING WENT DEEPER THAN ANYONE THIS SIDE OF THE IRON CURTAIN HAD IMAGINED.

TASS COMMENTATOR KHARKOV STRESSED THE UNITY OF THE TWO NATIONS AND MADE NO MENTION OF WESTERN REPORTS OF A SPLIT BETWEEN SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV AND CHINESE LEADER MAO TZE-TUNG.

"THE HISTORICAL DESTINIES OF THE SOVIET AND CHINESE PEOPLES POSSESS COMMON FEATURES WHICH ARE THE BASIS OF THEIR COHESION," TASS ASSERTED.

"UNITY OF PURPOSE IN THE STRUGGLE FOR SOCIALISM AND COMMUNISM, COMMUNITY OF IDEOLOGY, ALLEGIANCE TO THE TEACHING OF MARXISM-LENINISM AND THE PRINCIPLES OF PROLETERIAN INTERNATIONALISM--ALL THIS STILL FURTHER CEMENTS THE SOVIET-CHINESE ALLIANCE AND FRIENDSHIP AND MAKES THEM A FORCE UNEQUALLED IN MANKIND'S HISTORY," SAID TASS.

THE ENGLISH-LANGUAGE COMMENTARY, BROADCAST BY MOSCOW RADIO, SAID EVERY YEAR PRODUCED FRESH REMARKABLE RESULTS OF THE TREATY.

"THE TREATY HAS NOT BECOME SUPERFLUOUS, AS ILL-WISHERS OF THE SOVIET-CHINESE PEOPLES TRY TO MAKE OUT," TSS DECLARED.

"ON THE CONTRARY, LOOKING FORWARD, IT OPENS UP TO BOTH COUNTRIES STILL MORE SPLENDID PROSPECTS OF ALL SIDED COOPERATION."

IN THE INTERNATIONAL FIELD, SOVIET-CHINESE COOPERATION RESTED ON A FIRM FOUNDATION, SAID TASS.

"THE GENERAL LINE OF BOTH STATES IS PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE, THE STRUGGLE FOR RELAXATION OF INTERNATIONAL TENSION AND FOR DISARMAMENT, AND SUPPORT OF THE NATIONAL LIBERATION MOVEMENT."

IT WAS ON THE QUESTION OF PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE WITH THE WEST THAT THE RUSSIAN AND CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTIES WERE REPORTED DEEPLY DIVIDED, WITH PEIPING LEANING TOWARDS THE THEORY THAT WAR WITH THE WEST WAS INEVITABLE.

THE ROW CAME TO A HEAD AT THE MOSCOW CONFERENCE OF 80 COMMUNIST PARTIES LAST NOVEMBER AND, ACCORDING TO NEW WESTERN REPORTS, RESULTED ONLY IN A PATCHED UP PEACE.

BRITISH OFFICIALS, MEANWHILE, TREATED WITH GUARDED INTEREST THE REPORTED LEAKING TO THE WEST OF A DOCUMENTED COMMUNIST REPORT SHOWING DEEP DOCTRINAL DIFFERENCES BETWEEN RUSSIA AND RED CHINA.

EDWARD CRANKSHAW, THE LONDON OBSERVER'S CORRESPONDENT ON SOVIET AFFAIRS, SAID THE DOCUMENT REACHED BRITAIN FROM A SATELLITE SOURCE. HE ADDED THERE WAS A "STRONG POSSIBILITY" IT WAS DELIBERATELY LEAKED BY THE RUSSIANS.

THE DOCUMENT WAS SAID TO DISCLOSE PRIVATE CORRESPONDENT BETWEEN KHRUSHCHEV AND MAO INDICATING THE SPLIT WAS "FAR MORE VIOLENT, ACRIMONIOUS AND FUNDAMENTAL" THAN HAD PREVIOUSLY BEEN IMAGINED IN THE WEST.

LIAO CHENG-CHIH, VICE PRESIDENT OF THE CHINESE SOVIET FRIENDSHIP ASSOCIATION, SAID AT AN ANNIVERSARY RALLY IN PEIPING THAT "NO MATTER WHAT HAPPENS IN THE WORLD, THE CHINESE PEOPLE WILL REMAIN FOREVER THE MOST FAITHFUL AND MOST RELIABLE COMRADES-IN-ARMS" OF SOVIET RUSSIA. HE ADDED THAT "NO FORCE COULD SHAKE THE ALLIANCE FORMED BY 860 MILLION CHINESE AND SOVIET PEOPLE," WHICH HE SAID WAS "STRONG AS A BRONZE WALL."

LIAO DECLARED THAT THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS "WILL FIRMLY ADHERE" TO THE STATEMENT AFTER THE COMMUNIST SUMMIT MEETING IN MOSCOW AND "WILL STRENGTHEN THEIR UNITY WITH THE SOVIET UNION."

HW941AES

A54

(160) 30.24

ANSBACH, GERMANY, FEB. 13 (AP)-SS CAPT. KARL CHMIELEWSKI, ALLEGED INVENTOR OF THE "COLD WATER DEATH" WENT ON TRIAL TODAY FOR WARTIME MASS MURDER IN THE MAUTHAUSEN CONCENTRATION CAMP.

THE NAZI ELITE GUARD OFFICER WAS COMMANDANT OF THE GUSEN SUBCAMP 1940-42. AN ESTIMATED 10.000 INMATES WERE KILLED THERE.

CHMIELEWSKI IS CHARGED WITH 297 COUNTS OF MURDER. THE PROSECUTION ALLEGES THAT HE WAS RESPONSIBLE FOR SOME OF THE WORST TORTURES IN NAZI WAR CRIMES HISTORY. THESE INCLUDED SPRINKLING STRIPPED VICTIMS AT SUB-ZERO TEMPERATURES AND FORCING THEM TO STAND UP IN A WATER BASIN UNTIL THEY COLLAPSED AND DROWNED.

A CO-DEFENDANT IS WALTER JUNGE, 53, A FORMER TRUSTY IN THE GUSEN CAMP.

CHMIELEWSKI HAD BEEN HIDING UNDER A FALSE NAME SINCE THE WAR. HE WAS ARRESTED IN 1958 AT A VILLAGE NEAR ANSBACH, WHERE HE HAD BEEN WORKING AS A RABBIT BREEDER.

COURT OFFICIALS EXPECT THAT HIS TRIAL WILL BE ONE OF THE LONGEST SINCE THE WAR. ALMOST 100 WITNESSES, MOST OF THEM FORMER INMATES FROM GERMANY, AUSTRIA, AND POLAND, WILL TESTIFY.

FF636AES

A67

(350) 30.24

BY GENE KRAMER

TOKYO, FEB. 13 (AP)-AMERICA'S NEW AMBASSADOR TO TOKYO MAY BE GREETED BY A NEW AND POSSIBLY VIOLENT JAPANESE DISPUTE OVER PAYING BILLS OF THE 1945-52 POSTWAR U.S. OCCUPATION.

TRAINED OBSERVERS SAY THE ISSUE MAY PRODUCE LEFTWING DEMONSTRATIONS SIMILAR TO THOSE WHICH FORCED CANCELLATION OF PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S VISIT LAST YEAR.

THE OPPOSITION SOCIALIST PARTY AND THE COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER RED FLAG SHOW SIGNS OF USING THE DEBT QUESTION FOR A MAJOR STRUGGLE IN THE COMING MONTHS. THIS WOULD COINCIDE WITH THE ARRIVAL OF THE SUCCESSOR TO AMBASSADOR DOUGLAS MACARTHUR II. MACARTHUR IS BEING REASSIGNED TO BRUSSELS. HIS SUCCESSOR HAS NOT BEEN ANNOUNCED BUT IT IS GENERALLY ASSUMED HE WILL BE HARVARD PROF. EDWIN O. REISCHAUER.

THE DEBT ISSUE IS SO EXPLOSIVE THAT FOR NEARLY EIGHT YEARS JAPANESE CONSERVATIVE GOVERNMENTS HAVE POSTPONED FINAL FORMAL NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE UNITED STATES.

FOREIGN MINISTER ZENTARO KOSAKA DECLARED RECENTLY, HOWEVER, JAPAN INTENDS TO SETTLE THE ISSUE BEFORE PREMIER HAYATO IKEDA VISITS WASHINGTON IN JUNE. THIS TOUCHED OFF SOCIALIST AND COMMUNIST DENIALS THAT ANY DEBT EXISTS FOR AID RECEIVED DURING THE AMERICAN OCCUPATION.

CONSERVATIVE LEADERS HAVE ACKNOWLEDGED A DEBT. IN PRELIMINARY TALKS THEY HAVE GAINED U.S. APPROVAL FOR WRITING OFF TWO-THIRDS OF THE AMOUNT AND PAYING THE REST OVER 30 YEARS, SIMILAR TO THE FORMULA USED IN A U.S.-WEST GERMAN SETTLEMENT SEVERAL YEARS AGO.

THE UNITED STATES REPORTEDLY SET JAPAN'S DEBT FOR RELIEF AND ECONOMIC REHABILITATION AT $1,889,000,000 (B) AND AGREED TO SETTLE FOR $643 MILLION. SOURCES SAY JAPAN IS PREPARED TO OFFER $550 MILLION AND ASK THE UNITED STATES TO RE-INVEST THE PAYMENTS IN SOUTHEAST ASIAN DEVELOPMENT, WHICH WOULD HAVE THE EFFECT OF STRENGTHENING JAPANESE MARKETS.

BUT OUTSIDE GOVERNMENT CIRCLES THERE IS LITTLE PUBLIC UNDERSTANDING OF THE ISSUE, A SITUATION SOMEWHAT RESEMBLING LAST YEAR'S DISPUTE OVER THE U.S.-JAPAN SECURITY PACT. SOCIALIST LEADER TADATAKA SATA SAID JAPANESE UNDERSTOOD THAT THE ITEMS--LARGELY RELIEF FOOD AND CLOTHING--WERE GIFTS. HE POINTED OUT THAT RESOLUTIONS HAD BEEN ADOPTED IN PARLIAMENT THANKING THE UNITED STATES FOR SUCH "GIFTS." HE SAID THEY COULD NOT BE CONSIDRED DEBTS BECAUSE THE GOVERNMENT HAD NOT ASKED THE UNITED STATES FOR THEM AND HAD FAILED TO SEEK THE REQUIRED APPROVAL OF PARLIAMENT FOR INCURRING OBLIGATIONS TO REPAY.

FF748AES

A182 (250) 30.24

KUALA LUMPUR, MALAYA, FEB. 13 (AP)-MALAYA, THE PHILIPPINES AND THAILAND HAVE DECIDED TO GO AHEAD WITH THE FORMATION OF A REGIONAL PACT AMONG SOUTHEAST ASIAN STATES.

THE NAMES OF THE PROPOSED ORGANIZATION WILL BE DECIDED LATER, SAID A JOINT COMMUNIQUE ISSUED TODAY AT THE CONCLUSION OF TALKS MALAYAN PRIME MINISTER TUNKU ABDUL RAHMAN AND PHILIPPINE FOREIGN

SECRETARY FELIXBERTO SERRANO AND THAILAND'S FOREIGN MINISTER THANAT KHOMAN.

"THEY REAFFIRMED THEIR IDEAL WAS CLOSE COOPERATION, WHICH SHOULD BE NONPOLITICAL IN CHARACTER, INDEPENDENT IN EVERY WAY OF EVERY POWER BLOC AND ESSENTIALLY ONE OF JOINT ENDEAVOR FOR THE COMMON GOOD OF THE REGION IN ECONOMIC AND CULTURAL FIELDS," THE COMMUNIQUE SAID.

THE THREE COUNTRIES AGREED TO APPOINT EXPERTS TO MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS. THE FOREIGN MINISTERS OF THE THREE NATIONS WILL THEN SCHEDULE THE PREPARATORY CONFERENCE IN BANGKOK.

RAHMAN TOLD NEWSMEN LATER THE PROPOSED ORGANIZATION WAS "NOT JUST FOR SHOW BUT FOR A GOOD PURPOSE." HE SAID HE WAS SORRY INDONESIA DID NOT THINK IT FIT TO JOIN. OTHER SOUTHEAST NATIONS WILL BE INVITED TO BECOME MEMBERS.

THERE WAS NO MENTION OF THE DISSATISFACTION OF THE PHILIPPINES AND THAILAND WITH THE SOUTHEAST ASIAN TREATY ORGANIZATION. BOTH WANT SEATO TO TAKE A STRONGER STAND AGAINST THE PRO-COMMUNIST REBELS IN LAOS. AFTER SERRANO ARRIVED HERE LAST WEEK THERE WERE EVEN REPORTS THAT THE PHILIPPINES WAS READY TO WRITE OFF SEATO AND TURN INSTEAD TO A SOUTHEAST ASIA GROUPING. BUT THAILAND AND THE PHILIPPINES LATER MADE CLEAR THEY WOULD STAND BY SEATO.

RAHMAN SAID ONLY THAT THE MEETING DISCUSSED SOUTHEAST ASIAN AFFAIRS IN GENERAL AND THE PROSPECT THAT COMMUNIST CHINA MAY JOIN THE UNITED NATIONS. BOTH THAILAND AND THE PHILIPPINES SUPPORT NATIONALIST CHINA.

FS2PES

B17AX (G-Q)

(190

30 24

STARKVILLE, MISS., FEB. 13 (AP)-A LONDON BOOKSELLER ACCUSED OF CONSPIRING TO STEAL NATO NAVAL SECRETS FOR THE SOVIET UNION ATTENDED MISSISSIPPI STATE UNIVERSITY IN THE EARLY 1930S.

STATE'S FORMER PRESIDENT, DR. BEN HILBUN, SAID SUNDAY THAT MORRIS (UNC) COHEN, 50, ALIAS PETER J. KROGER, "JUST SEEMED TO POP UP" ON THE STATE COLLEGE CAMPUS IN THE EARLY 30S. HE BECAME STUDENT MANAGER BUT WAS NEVER ON AN ATHLETIC SCHOLARSHIP.

HILBUN WAS PUBLIC RELATIONS DIRECTOR FOR NEWS AND ATHLETIC DEPARTMENTS AT THE TIME.

EARLIER, THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI HAD DENIED PUBLISHED REPORTS THAT COHEN, WHO WAS ARRESTED IN LONDON LAST WEEK WITH HIS WIFE AND THREE OTHERS, HAD ATTENDED THE OXFORD INSTITUTION.

HILBUN SAID THE FBI CONTACTED HIM THREE OR FOUR YEARS AGO FOR INFORMATION OF COHEN, ORIGINALLY FROM THE BRONX, N. Y. WHEN ARRESTED, COHEN WAS OPERATING A BOOKSTORE WITH HIS WIFE UNDER THE NAME OF KROGER NEAR THE U. S. 3RD AIR FORCE HEADQUARTERS.

HILBUN RECALLED THAT COHEN "WAS A GREAT TALKER ...WHO WAS VERY ENTHUSIASTIC ABOUT SPORTS."

"I HEARD A FEW YEARS AFTER COHEN LEFT THE CAMPUS HE HAD GONE COMMUNIST IN HIS THINKING --BACK DURING THE DEPRESSION, BUT IT WAS NEVER CONFIRMED BY ANYONE HERE AS FAR AS I KNOW," HILBUN ADDED.

XW442AES

AE9WX

(140)

30 24

MISSILE TRACKING

WASHINGTON, FEB. 13 (AP)-CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES HAVE LAUNCHED JOINT RESEARCH INTO THE PROBLEM OF DETECTING AND TRACKING INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILES.

THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT, REPORTING THIS TODAY, SAID CANADA WILL MAKE AVAILABLE "UNIQUE INDOOR RANGES WHICH WILL PERMIT STUDY OF MODEL ICBM NOSE CONES IN FLIGHT."

SOME AMERICAN TECHNICIANS WILL WORK WITH CANADIANS IN THE JOINT RESEARCH PROJECT WHICH WILL SEEK TO DEVELOP MISSILE DEFENSE TECHNIQUES.

THE CANADIAN TEST RANGES HAVE BEEN BUILT TO SIMULATE ATMOSPHERIC CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED BY A MISSILE AS IT LEAVES AND RE-ENTERS THE EARTH'S ATMOSPHERE.

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MODEL NOSE CONES USED IN THE EXPERIMENTS WEIGH UP TO 100 POUNDS. THEY ARE FIRED AT HIGH SPEED FROM GAS-OPERATED GUNS OF UP TO 14 INCHES IN DIAMETER.

JOINING IN THE PROJECT WILL BE MEN AND EQUIPMENT FROM THE U. S. ARMY'S REDSTONE ARSENAL, ALA., AND THE CANADIAN ARMAMENT RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ESTABLISHMENT.

EG922PES

End Feb. 13, 1961